went to Agram. From the capital of Croatia he roused the country against the Queens, and on his arrival at Buda they made submission to the usurper and were imprisoned in their castle. There they hatched a plot. Charles was tempted to pay them a visit in their apartment, and there, in January 1386, he was cut down by the sword of Blasius Forgach. The Queens at once set out for Dalmatia to recover their lost authority; but on the way, prope Diacum, not yet certainly identified, they were attacked by the Ban, Ivan Horvad, and Ivan Palisna, Prior of Vrana; their escort, including Forgach, was slain, and they themselves were carried to the fortress of Novigrad. Elizabeth met her death, perhaps by drowning, in or near the castle. Maria was eventually released by the Venetians under Giovanni Barbarigo and taken to Nona in June 1387; from Nona she went to Zengg, and subsequently rejoined her husband, Sigismund, in Agram. But this led to further complications in Dalmatian history, for Sigismund resolved to punish Horvad and Palisna for the revolt of Croatia against his Queen, Maria. He sent his forces to attack the Prior of Vrana and Horvad, who threw themselves into the arms of Tuartko, King of Bosnia. Tuartko had ambitious aims as