ART. 8. — The Emperor of China agrees to release, unconditionally, all subjects of H. B. M., who may be in confinement at this moment in any part of the Chinese E.

ART. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13. — Regular tariffs, communications and statements, helding, ratifications.

Signed: Henry Pottinger, Seal

H. M. Plenipotentiary. of the four Chinese plenipotentiaries.

V. — Traité d'amitié, de commerce et de navigation conclu entre la France et la Chine, à Whampoa, le 24 octobre 1844.

(De Clercq, tome v, p. 230 et suiv.)

VI. — Treaty between H. Majesty and the kings of Siam signed at Bangkok, april 18, 1855.

H. M. the Queen of. U. K. of G. Britain and Ireland, and their majesties Phra B. S. P. P. Maha Mongkut P. C. K. H., the first king of Siam, and Phra B. S. P. P. Ramen Mahiswaren P. P. C. K. H., the second king of Siam..., have named as their plenipotentiaries: H. M. the Queen, sir John Bowring, Knight, doctor of Laws, and their M., the first and second kings of Siam, H. R. H. Wongsa Djirah Sindh; H. S. Maha Puyurawongse: H. S. Sri Suriwongse.

ART. 1. — All British subjects coming to Siam shall receive from the Siamese government full protection and assistance....

ART. 2. — The interest of all Bristish subjects coming to Siam shall be placed under the regulation and control of a consul, who will be appointed to reside at Bangkok.

ART, 3. — British subjects are permitted to trade freely in the seaports of Siam, but may reside permanentty only at Bangkok, or within the limite assigned by the treaty... a circuit of 200 sen (four miles English) from the city walls. But with the exception of this limitation, British residents in Siam may at any time buy or rent houses, lands or plantations, situated anywhere within a distance of twenty four hours' journey from the city of Bangkok, to be computed by the rate at which boats of the country cantravel.